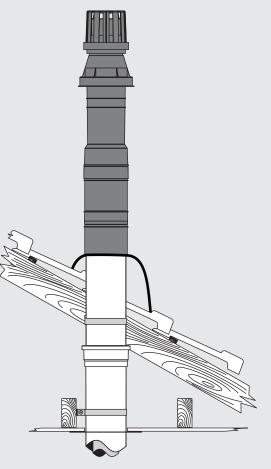
# To Suit Rinnai Water Heater Models HD210i (REU-N3237FFC-AK)

The flue components described within these instructions are **ONLY** suitable for use with the model(s) that is listed above.

They are **<u>NOT</u>** suitable, nor are they approved for use with any other Rinnai flued water heaters.



## Rinnai FFPP (Polypropylene) Flue Systems

Flue Installation Manual

# Rinnai



This appliance must be installed in accordance with:

- Manufacturer's Installation Instructions
- Current AS/NZS 3000, AS/NZS 3500 & AS/NZS 5601
- Plumbing Code of Australia (PCA)
- Local Regulations and Municipal Building Codes including local OH&S requirements

This appliance must be installed, maintained and removed by an Authorised Person.

For continued safety of this appliance it must be installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.



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## **WARNINGS & IMPORTANT INFORMATION**



#### BEFORE USING INSTALLING FLUE COMPONENTS

Before proceeding with the installation of an FFPP coaxial flue system, read this manual thoroughly to gain a full understanding of the installation requirements.

Always comply with the following precautions to avoid dangerous situations and to ensure optimum performance.

Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in equipment malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.

**DANGER:** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in personal injury or death.

**WARNINGS:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

**CAUTIONS:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury or damage to the appliance. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.



#### **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Your Rinnai gas continuous flow water heater flue has been certified by the Australian Gas Association. The A.G.A. Certification Number is shown on the data plate.

These flueing components **MUST** be installed in accordance with:

- Current AS/NZS 3500 and AS/NZS 5601
- The installation **MUST** comply with all relevant instructions supplied by Rinnai.
- Service and removal **MUST** be carried out by an authorised person.
- Local regulations and municipal building codes including local OH&S requirements

Flue components **MUST** be installed correctly by an appropriately licensed tradesperson. The installation of gas, water, and electricity must conform to local regulations.

All dimensions referred to in these instructions are in millimetres, unless otherwise specified.

These instructions **ONLY** apply to the Rinnai FFPP water heater coaxial flueing system. This flue system utilises Polypropylene pipe components for both the outer (white) and inner (grey) pipes.

These instructions **DO NOT** apply to older Rinnai water heater flueing that has either a stainless steel single skin or aluminium coaxial construction. If in doubt contact Rinnai.

Before commencing installation, please read the 'Installation Instructions - General', located inside a pouch behind the front cover of all Rinnai water heater models. The Rinnai internal water heater range must only be installed with Rinnai water heater flueing as referred to in these instructions.

Appliances are certified to be installed side by side as shown on page 6. Refer to the operation and installation manual provided with the appliance for clearance details pertaining to single appliance installations.

A Rinnai internal continuous flow water heater fitted with an FFPP flue system is room sealed as defined in AS/NZS 5601. No ventilation in the space where the water heater is installed is required.

The outer plastic section of the coaxial flue complies with temperature hazard requirements and can be installed with zero clearance to combustible material.

#### **Notice to Victorian Consumers**

The appliance and flue components **MUST** be installed by a person licensed with the Victorian Building Authority. **ONLY** a licensed person will have insurance protecting their workmanship. So make sure you use a licensed person to install this appliance and ask for your Compliance Certificate.

For further information contact the Victorian Building Authority on 1300 815 127.

#### **CUTTING THE FLUE COMPONENTS**



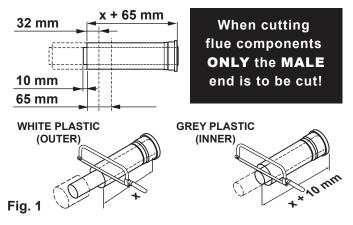
The flue components can be sharp, **CARE** is to be taken when handling to avoid injury.

Referring to "Flue Component Dimensions" on page 13, calculate the required number and type of flue components that are needed to reach from the water heater to the flue terminal.

The grey plastic inner pipe should always extend 10mm beyond the white outer pipe on the male end of the flue pipe.

When cutting flue components **ONLY** the **MALE** end is to be cut, **DO NOT** attempt to cut the female end.

Flue pipe components overlap by 32 mm. Therefore when cutting to length, add 65 mm to the flue pipe length (X) needed for installation. See Fig. 1.





Cutting flue components can create sharp edges, care must be taken to avoid injury, use a file to remove debris, burrs and sharp edges from cut ends.

Ends that are left unfinished can damage the flue seals and result in the flue components no longer being air or weather tight.

The ONLY COMPONENTS that can be cut are as follows: **FFPPWALLKIT** (pipe not bend), **FFPPPIPE1000**, **FFPPROOFCOWL** and **UVROOF PROTECTORS**.

Ensure all ends are cut square (the use of a mitre box will ensure a clean square cut).

#### LUBRICATING COMPONENTS

A container of "O" ring lubricant is provided with every termination, the contents of which is sufficient to install the flue system. To ease assembly, lubricate the "O" rings of the inner pipes of each flue component prior to assembly.



Use only a water based "O" ring seal lubricant. **DO NOT** use petroleum based lubricants such as petroleum jelly, as such products may cause deterioration.

#### **APPLIANCE SPIGOT DIMENSIONS & CENTRES**

The wall mounting brackets are fixed.

The spigot centre is a fixed 155mm relative to the wall mounting surface. See Fig. 2 for all spigot related dimensions.

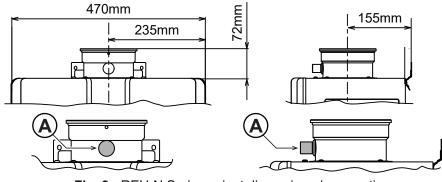


Fig. 2 - REU-N Series spigot dimensions / connections



Item (A) is NOT a condensate drain connection and MUST remained capped at all times.

#### FLUE LENGTH, BENDS & APPLIANCE SETTINGS

Flue installations can consist of both horizontal and vertical runs with the following limitations.



The maximum length of any flue run is **NOT** to exceed 42 metres. The number of 90° bends **MUST NOT** be more than fifteen. The ratio of metres of flue to the number of 90° bends **MUST** be in accordance with that described in Table 1.

Table 1. REU N series, flue pipe lengths & changes of direction																
Length Metres*	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42
90° Bends	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

\* For flue runs of up to 12 metres in length a maximum of fifteen 90° bends is allowed.

Combustion is factory set and in normal circumstances adjustment is **NOT** required. Refer to the REU-N series commissioning instructions and or service manual for further information.

#### **FLUE TERMINALS**



The flue gases can reach high temperatures. The flue terminal is to terminate in a location **NOT** to cause a nuisance, in accordance with AS/NZS 5601.

Ensure the flue is fully supported independently of the appliance by use of suitable clips or brackets, in accordance with AS/NZS 5601. Appropriate standoff brackets are supplied with each **FFPPROOFCOWL** and **FFPPIPE1000**.

The terminal clearances in AS/NZS 5601 do not apply to the Rinnai internal continuous flow water heaters when installed side by side. Refer to the images in Fig. 4 for all the relevant spacing and clearance dimensions for both vertical and horizontal multiple terminal installations.

#### **Multiple Roof Terminal Installations**

The minimum horizontal separation between terminal centres is **NOT** to be less than 350mm. See Fig.4.

#### **Multiple Wall Terminal Installations**

The minimum horizontal separation between terminal centres is **NOT** to be less than 350mm, and the vertical separation is **NOT** to be less than 570mm. See Fig.4.



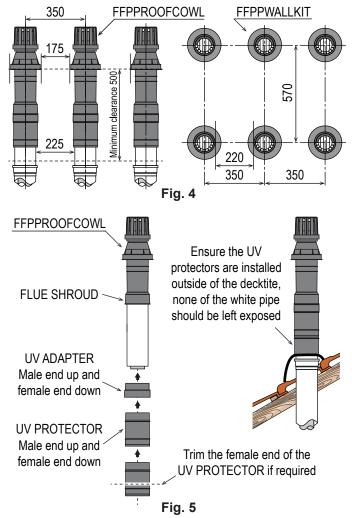
It is recommended that the horizontal separation between the appliance flue centres be maintained to the termination point (i.e. HD210 flue centres are 500mm).

#### **UV Roof Protectors**

FFPPROOFCOWL comes with three black injection moulded UV protective pipe sections. These must be fitted to protect any exposed white flue pipe parts from UV damage. Click fit adaptor and protectors into the underside of the flue shroud see Fig 5. If necessary trim the female end of a protector for best fit. Ensure any unprotected white pipe is painted with a suitable UV resistant coating.



It is **CRITICAL** that the UV protector be installed on the outside of a decktite and **NOT** on the inside. A protector installed on the inside of a decktite will cause weather sealing to become an issue.



### **INSTALLATION METHODS**

#### **FFPP FLUEING OPTIONS**

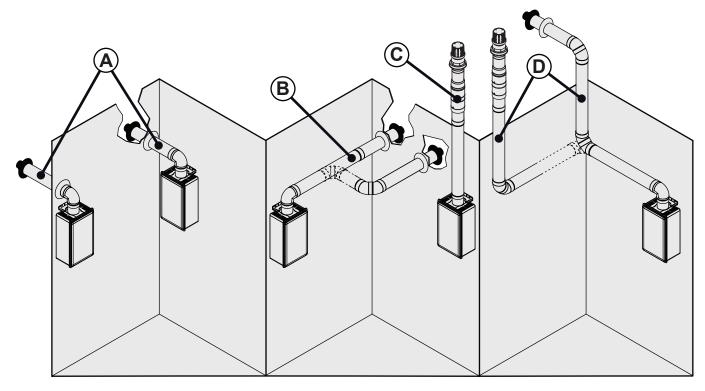


Fig. 6

#### **(A)** Direct Horizontal Flue

For installations where the internal continuous flow unit is mounted directly on the inside of an external wall and the maximum thickness is:

REU-N series = 445mm.

Refer "Direct Horizontal Flue" on page 8 for details of this installation method.

#### **B** Extended Horizontal Flue

The same as Direct Horizontal flueing with additional pipe required due to the longer horizontal distance. Refer "Extended Horizontal Flue" on page 8 for details of this installation method.

#### © Vertical Flue

Installations where the water heater is flued vertically through the roof. Refer "Vertical Flue" on page 9 for details of this installation method.

#### D Combined Vertical And Horizontal Flue

A combination of all the above.

Refer "Combined Vertical & Horizontal Flue" on page 10 for details of this installation method.

#### DIRECT HORIZONTAL FLUE

The Direct Horizontal Flue option (Fig. 7) is used for flueing directly through an external wall and FFPPWALLKIT **MUST** be used for this purpose. Components included are: 90° starter bend, terminal pipe, white internal wall seal and black external wall seal.

#### Installation Method



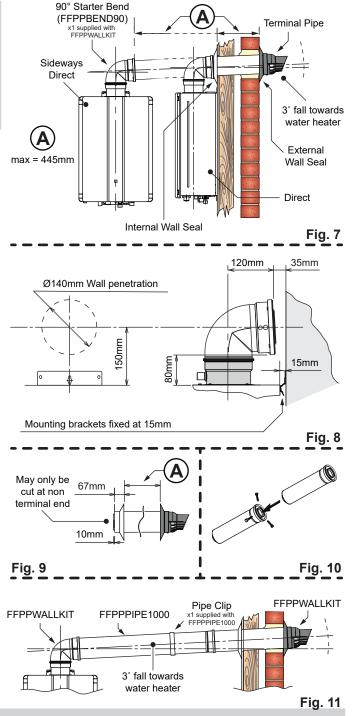
All horizontal flue is to be installed with a 3° fall towards the water heater.

Ensure there is enough space to install the water heater, flue assembly and pipework. Also ensure that the positioning of the flue terminal complies with the requirements of AS/NZS 5601 (see page 12).

- 1. Mount the water heater in an appropriate location.
- 2. Using the dimensions provided in Fig. 8, mark a point 150mm along the appliance centreline from the top of the water heater. This mark forms the centre for the 140mm diameter wall penetration.
- 3. Make the 140mm wall penetration for the flue. Ensuring that the flue spigot is covered to avoid debris entering the appliance's flue connection.
- 4. Measure the required length for the horizontal terminal to penetrate the wall and allow an extra 67mm protrusion from the inside wall surface as shown in Fig. 9. See also the section "CUTTING THE FLUE COMPONENTS" on page 4.
- 5. Fit the external wall seal to the terminal pipe. Pass the male end of the terminal pipe through penetration point and weatherproof the penetration as required. Fit the internal wall seal to the terminal pipe.
- 6. Connect the terminal pipe to starter bend (ensuring components are pushed 'fully home'. Secure the PVC joints of bend to the terminal pipe with the three (3) self tapping screws supplied with the component as shown in Fig. 10.
- 7. Connect condensate drain (go to "Condensate Drain" on page 10 for connection details).

#### **EXTENDED HORIZONTAL FLUE**

The Extended Horizontal Flue option (Fig. 11) is used when the water heater is mounted on an internal wall and flueing needs to extend horizontally to exit an external wall. Use **ONLY** FFPP components to extend installations.



Refer to "Flue Length, Bends & Appliance Settings" on page 6 for flue run length limitations.

 Follow the installation method as described for the DIRECT HORIZONTAL FLUE above. Use FFPPPIPE1000 and FFPPBEND90 / FFPPBEND45 components to extend the installation horizontally as required. Note that PVC joints **MUST** be secured with the three (3) self tapping screws supplied with the component as shown in Fig. 10.

#### VERTICAL FLUE

The Vertical Flue option (Fig. 12) is used for flueing vertically through the roof and FFPPROOFCOWL and FFPPPIPE1000 **MUST** be used for this purpose. Components included with FFPPROOFCOWL are: terminal pipe, 2x UV protectors and 1x pipe clip. Components included with FFPPPIPE1000 are: flue pipe, 1x pipe clip.

#### **Installation Method**

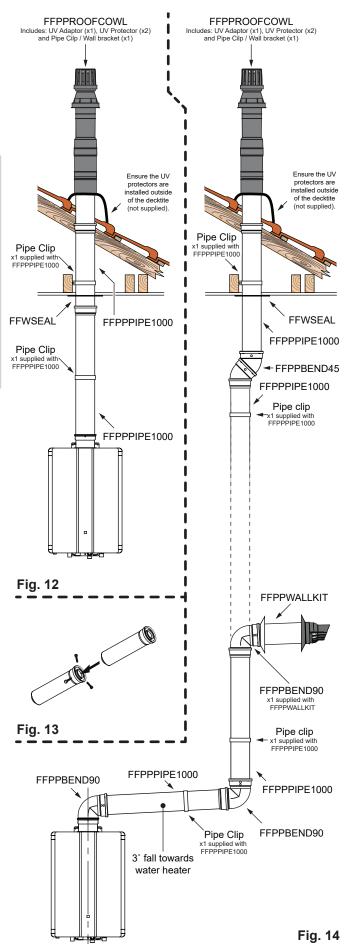


Refer to "Flue Length, Bends & Appliance Settings" on page 6 for flue run length limitations.

Ensure there is enough space to install the water heater, flue assembly and pipe work. Also ensure that the positioning of the flue terminal complies with the requirements of AS/NZS 5601 AS/NZS 5601 (see page 12).

Refer to "Appliance Spigot Dimensions & Centres" on page 5 when creating access holes through floors and ceilings for flue pipe components.

- 1. Mount the water heater in an appropriate location.
- Set plumb bob from the centre of the heater flue outlet to ceiling marking position. Cut 140mm hole in plasterboard (or a suitable 'oval' for pitched roof applications). Repeat this step for underside of roofing.
- Install, the UV adaptor and the UV protectors into the underside of the flue shroud (trimming to fit where necessary), refer to "UV Roof Protectors" on page 6.
- 4. Calculate the required number and combination of FFPPIPE1000 lengths and cut to size as required, see Fig.1, in section "Cutting The Flue Components" on page 5.
- 5. Install decktite roof seal (Not supplied).
- Ensure the flue is fully supported independently of the appliance, by the use of suitable clips or brackets, in accordance with AS/NZS 5601. Appropriate standoff brackets are supplied with each FFPPROOFCOWL and FFPPPIPE1000 component.
- 7. Ensure that the appliance can be removed without causing movement or displacement of the flue, in accordance with AS/NZS 5601.
- 8. All PVC joints must be secured with the three (3) self tapping screws supplied with the component as shown in Fig. 13.
- 9. Connect condensate drain (go to "Condensate Drain" on page 10 for connection details).



#### **COMBINED VERTICAL & HORIZONTAL FLUE**

The Combined Vertical & Horizontal Flue option (Fig. 14, page 7) allows the water heater to be installed virtually anywhere using a wall (FFPPWALLKIT) or roof (FFPPROOFCOWL) terminal. Extension pieces (FFPPIPE1000, FFPPBEND90 and FFPPBEND45) can be mounted horizontally or vertically as required.

#### Installation Method



Refer to "Flue Length, Bends & Appliance Settings" on page 6 for flue run length limitations.

All horizontal flue is to be installed with a 3° fall towards the water heater.

1. Using a combination of the installation procedures covered in the "EXTENDED HORIZONTAL FLUE" on page 6 and "Vertical Flue" on page 9, determine and install the required components. Note that PVC joints **MUST** be secured with the three (3) self tapping screws supplied with the component, refer to Fig. 13 on page 9.

#### **CONDENSATE DRAIN**

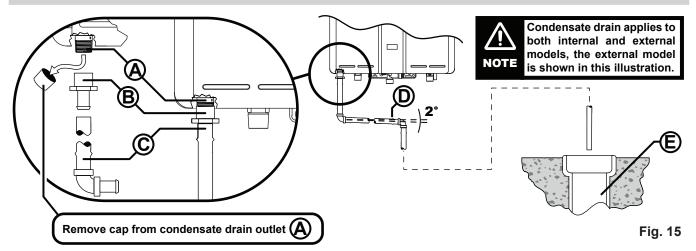
The Rinnai range of condensing water heaters generate condensate continuously at a rate of up to 5 litres per hour as a by-product of highly efficient gas burner system. This condensate must be drained via a pipe to a suitable point of discharge (Fig. 15). Because the condensate is a by-product of gas combustion it is mildly acidic.

For this reason copper tube and fittings **MUST NOT** be used as it will corrode. Instead, Rinnai recommend plastic pipes and fittings such as Unplasticised Polyvinyl Chloride (UPVC) or Polyethylene (PE) which is commonly used for irrigation piping.

#### Important Considerations For Condensate Drain Pipe



The content of AS/NZS 3500 'Temperature / Pressure Relief and Expansion Control Valve Drain Lines' has been used as a guide in preparing these considerations.



- Water heater drain outlet connection, R<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" (15 mm) BSP male. Condensate drain outlet connection, 1/2" (15mm) BSP male nylon (Note: the black plastic shipping cap **MUST** be removed from the condensate drain outlet prior to water heater operation).
- B PE R<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" BSP (15 mm) female to barbed irrigation system connector (13 19mm) or equivalent plastic fitting.
- © Drain pipe and fittings to match item **B**.
- O Continuous fall (of at least 2°) from water heater to discharge point. Lengths and bends in accordance with 'Length & Changes Of Direction' table below.
- © Suitable points of discharge are deemed to be drains, sewers or pits. **DO NOT** discharge onto electrical connections, earth stakes, copper pipes, concrete paths or into a pond.

#### Length & Changes Of Direction

Maximum length and changes of direction greater than 45° for the drainage pipe to be in accordance with that described in the Table 2.

Table 2. Drainage lengths & changes of direction							
Max length (Metres)	9	8	7	6			
Max changes of direction >45°	3	4	5	6			

#### **Installation Method**

- (a) The drain line **MUST NOT** discharge onto electrical connections, earth stakes, copper pipes, concrete paths or into a pond.
- (b) The point of discharge from each drain line shall be located so that the release of condensate does not cause a nuisance, is readily discernible and incurs no risk of damage to the building.

In view of (a) and (b), suitable points of discharge are deemed to be drains, sewers or pits.

- (c) There shall be no tap, valve or other restrictions in any line.
- (d) Each line shall fall continuously from the valve to the approved point of discharge.
- (e) Drain lines shall not discharge into a storage water heater safe tray.
- (f) The end of the condensate drain line shall be:
  - (i) not lower than 200 mm or higher than 300 mm above an unpaved surface; or
  - (ii) not lower than 75 mm or higher than 300 mm above a gravel pit not less than 100 mm in diameter in a paved surface.
- (g) Where discharging over a tundish or gully trap, drain lines shall have an air gap of a size at least twice the diameter of the drain line.

#### **Interconnection Of Condensate Drain Lines**

Condensate drain lines from multiple water heaters may be joined together provided they conform with the requirements of the "Installation Method" on page 11.

#### **Common Stack Discharge**

Where individual water heaters are installed in a multi-storey building, the condensate drain lines may discharge into a common stack, subject to the following:

- (a) The discharge from the common stack is to a tundish, having a discharge line, that is not less than the size of the common stack, directly connected to a fixture trap, and installed in connection with any adjacent soil or waste stack.
- (b) The discharge point of the common stack is such that any discharge is readily visible and not cause any nuisance.
- (c) The common stack is vented by extending the pipe upwards, above the roof level.

#### **Tundish Drain Lines**

The drain line from any tundish shall be not less than DN 20 or less than one size larger than that of the largest drain line discharging into the tundish. Tundish drain lines shall comply with the requirements of the "Installation Method" on page 11.

#### **Areas Subject To Freezing**

In areas where water pipes are prone to freezing, the drain pipe from any valve shall be insulated and not exceed 300 mm in length. It shall discharge into a tundish through an air gap of not less than 75 mm and not more than 150 mm measured from the outlet of the drain pipe to the rim of the tundish.

#### **FLUE TERMINAL CLEARANCES**

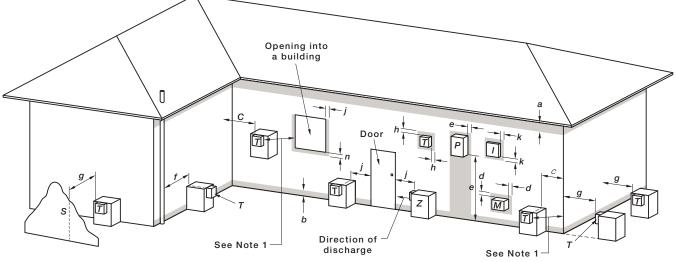
#### Horizontal Terminal Clearances (Extract from AS/NZS 5601)

= Gas meter

М

T

=



LEGEND:

- I = Mechanical air inlet
- **S** = Structure

**P** = Electricity meter or fuse box Flue terminal

Z = Fan-assisted appliance only

Shading indicates prohibited area for flue terminals

		Min. Clearances (mm)		
Ref.	ltem	Fan assisted		
	Below eaves, balconies and other projections:			
а	For appliances up to 50 MJ/h input	200		
	For appliances over 50 MJ/h input	300		
b	From the ground, above a balcony or other surface *	300		
С	Front a return wall or external corner *	300		
	From a gas meter (M) (see Note 5)			
d	(see Clause 5.11.5.9 for vent terminal location of regulator)	1000		
	(see Table 6.7 for New Zealand requirements)			
е	From an electricity <i>meter</i> or fuse box (P) † (see Note 5)	500		
f	From a drain pipe or soil pipe	75		
g	Horizontally from any building structure* = or obstruction facing a terminal	500		
h	From any other flue terminal , cowl, or combustion air intake *	300		
	Horizontally from an openable window, door, non-mechanical air inlet, or any building with the exception of sub-floor ventilation:	other opening into a		
	Appliances up to 150 MJ/h input *	300		
i	Appliances over 150 MJ/h input up to 200 MJ/h input *	300		
,	Appliances over 200 MJ/h input up to 250 MJ/h input *	500		
	Appliances over 250 MJ/h input *	1500		
	All fan-assisted flue appliances, in the direction of discharge	1500		
k	From a mechanical air inlet, including a spa blower	1000		
	Vertically below an openable window, non-mechanical air inlet, or any o building with the exception of sub-floor ventilation:	ther opening into a		
n	Space heaters up to 50 MJ/hr input	150		
11	Other appliances up to 50 MJ/hr input	500		
	Appliances over 50 MJ/h input and up to 150 MJ/h input	1000		
	Appliances over 150 MJ/h input	1500		

\* Unless appliance is certified for closer installation.

† Prohibited area below electricity meter or fuse box extends to ground level.

#### NOTES:

Where dimensions *c*, *j* or *k* cannot be achieved an equivalent horizontal distance measured 1 diagonally from the nearest discharge point of the terminal to the opening may be deemed by the Technical Regulator to comply.

See Clause 6.9.4 for restrictions on a flue terminal under a covered area. 2

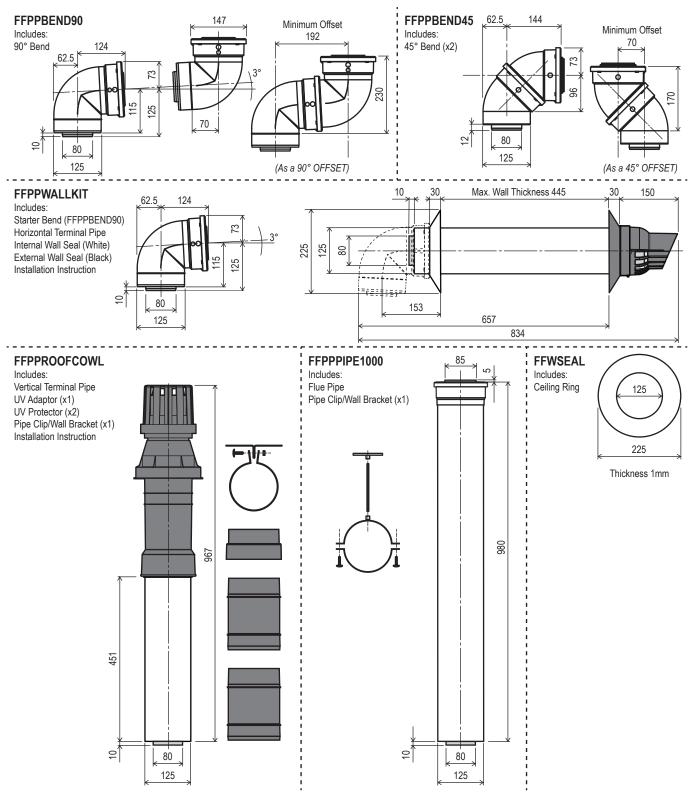
- See Figure J3 for clearances required from a flue terminal to an LP Gas cylinder. A 3 flue terminal is considered to be a source of ignition.
- For minimum clearances not addressed above acceptance should be obtained from the 4 Technical Regulator.

Minimum clearances d and e also apply to any combustion air intake openings of appliances. 5

FIGURE 6.2 (in-part) LOCATION OF FLUE TERMINALS OF BALANCED FLUE, ROOM-SEALED, FAN-ASSISTED OR OUTDOOR APPLIANCES

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **FLUE COMPONENT DIMENSIONS**



DESCRIPTION	CODE NUMBER	BAR CODE NUMBER
90 Degree Bend	FFPPBEND90	9314109415049
45 Degree Bend	FFPPBEND45	9314109415056
Horizontal Flue Terminal	FFPPWALLKIT	9314109415032
Flue Pipe 1000mm length	FFPPPIPE1000	9314109415018
Vertical Flue Terminal	FFPPROOFCOWL	9314109415025
Ceiling Ring	FFWSEAL	9314109107722

## NOTES

### NOTES

## **Rinnai Australia Pty Ltd**

ABN 74 005 138 769 | AU45204

100 Atlantic Drive, Keysborough, Victoria 3173 P.O. Box 460, Braeside, Victoria 3195 Tel: (03) 92716625 Fax: (03) 92716622

#### **National Help Line**

Tel: 1300 555 545\* Fax: 1300 555 655 Monday to Friday, 8.00 am to 5.00 pm EST.

After Hours Hot Water Service Line Tel: 1800 000 340\*

\*Cost of a local call higher from mobile or public phones.

For further information visit **www.rinnai.com.au** or email **enquiry@rinnai.com.au** 

Rinnai has a Service and Spare Parts network with personnel who are fully trained and equipped to give the best service on your Rinnai appliance. If your appliance requires service, please call our National Help Line. Rinnai recommends that commercial appliances be serviced every 1 year and that domestic appliances be serviced every 3 years.

With our policy of continuous improvement, we reserve the right to change, or discontinue at any time, specifications or designs without notice.